

Tenden Heart High School

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Date: 20/1/25

Subject: Geography

Class: VIII

chapter 5 (continue)

Disaster Management in India

- It involves all different methods that encompass both pre-disaster risk reduction and post disaster recovery.
- NDM Framework guides the initiatives of ministry and train the engineers, architects and masons in safe construction practices to safeguard the interest of the people.

common objectives during any disaster

- (i) Moving injured and affected people to safe area.
- (ii) providing immediate first aid during an disaster to the victims
- (iii) providing food and water to the people.
- (iv) doing search and rescue operation.
- (v) providing help for rehabilitation of people.

Role of Government during disaster

1) National Disaster Management Authority (NDMA)

- It sets policies, plans and guidelines for disaster management.

2) Ministry of Home Affairs

- It makes coordination between all relief operations.

3) Disaster Management Division

- It takes responsibility for legislation, policy, capacity building, prevention, mitigation, response and long term rehabilitation.

4) State Disaster Management Authority

- It also takes actions during a disaster.

5) National Disaster Response Force (NDRF)

- It takes quick rescue and evacuation actions during a disaster.

6) Armed Forces

- It provides help to the people that are stuck during any disaster.

Role of Remote Sensing in Natural Disasters

- It provides timely warning before an disaster
- It helps rescue teams to do planning according to the received information.
- It helps to monitor time, extent and type of disaster that is approaching in any area.