

Tender Heart High School, Sector-33B, Chandigarh
Class : VI Chapter - I Nouns

Subject : English Language

Book : Collins English Grammar and Composition

Good Morning Students,

In the Subject of English Language we will discuss Chapter - I Nouns.

There are eight parts of speech -

- | | | |
|-----------------|------------------|-----------------|
| 1. Nouns | 2. Pronouns | 3. Adjectives |
| 4. Verbs | 5. Adverbs | 6. Conjunctions |
| 7. Prepositions | 8. Interjections | |

* What is a Noun ?

A noun is the name of a person, place animal, thing, feeling or quality.

For example : Ramesh, Chandigarh, dog, pen and honesty etc.

* Kinds of Nouns :

There are four kinds of nouns.

1. Proper Noun
2. Common Noun
3. Abstract Noun
4. Collective Noun

1. Proper Noun : Proper noun is the special or a particular name given to a

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person, place or a thing.

For example : Mahatma Gandhi, India,
The Red Fort, Aruna etc.

2. Common Noun : Common noun is the common name of all persons, places, animals or things which are of the same kind.

For example : teacher, boy, chair etc.

3. Abstract Noun : Abstract noun is the name of some quality, feeling or idea that we can't touch.

For example : freedom, beauty, happiness

4. Collective Noun : A collective noun is the name given to a group of people, animals and things.

For example : army, class and staff etc.

Let us revise this topic with the help of Exercise A.

* Exercise - A

Underline the various nouns and tell their kinds in the following sentences.

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- (i) I keep my books in the cupboard.
- (ii) Have you ever been to Kashmir?
- (iii) A crowd of people gathered to celebrate the festival.
- (iv) Munish is known for his bravery.

The answers are

- | | | |
|-------|------------------|-----------------|
| (i) | books / cupboard | Common noun |
| (ii) | Kashmir | proper noun |
| (iii) | Crowd | Collective noun |
| | festival | Common noun |
| (iv) | Munish | Proper noun |
| | bravery | Abstract noun |

→ Concrete Nouns

Concrete nouns stand for something that we can touch or see, for example: people, animals, things and places etc.

It is opposite to the abstract noun that is related to the names of feelings (love, anger), ideas (education), qualities (bravery, honesty), state of mind (hope, trust) that can't be touched, but only felt.

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Nouns can be countable and uncountable.

(i) Countable : They have singular and plural forms.

For example : dog - dogs

servant - servants

(ii) Uncountable nouns have a singular, but no plural.

For example : bread, butter, milk etc.

* Compound Nouns: Compound nouns are formed by joining two or more nouns.

For example

well being

doorbell

honey bee

table spoon

Students, you have been given a detailed explanation of the Nouns and its various kinds. Kindly go through the content given in the assignment and the text book. Attempt exercise A, B and C as your home assignment.