

Tendler Hecet High School
Sector: 33B, Chandigarh

Class: 6th

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Subject: Geography

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Chapter: 11

South America: People and Natural Resources

Chapter Continue...!!!

Good Morning / Afternoon students!

Today we will do the Back exercise of the chapter which is consist with blanks, matches, Give reasons, Differentiate and answers of the questions. After done with the reading of the chapter, you all could easily understand the main occupation, industries, transportation and about resources distribution throughout the continent. So let's start the exercise solutions with discussion and enhance the existing knowledge.

(c) Give Reasons:

1. Cattle rearing is highly developed in South America.
Ans: Cattle rearing is highly developed in South America because of the rich and extensive pasture of the temperate and tropical grassland.

(2) South America countries are not well developed in the industrial sector.

Ans:- South America countries are not well developed in the industrial sector as most of the raw materials are exported and countries face challenges in developing their industrial sectors, such as, lacking advanced technology, inadequate infrastructure and a weak ~~star~~ regional network.

(3) The best fishing grounds are located in the western coastal areas of South America.

Ans:- The western coastal areas of South America, particularly along the Peru and Chile coast are the best fishing ground due to the Humboldt (cold) current, which creates a nutrient-rich upwelling system supporting a large fish population, especially anchovies.

(4) The Pampas of Argentina are called the 'Granary of South America'.

Ans:- The Pampas of Argentina are called the 'Granary of South America' because of they ^{are} largest producers and exporters of wheat in South America.

(5) South America still does not have an adequately integrated and modern transportation network.

Ans:- South America still does not have a adequately integrated and modern transportation network.

because there are large tracts of forests, high and barren plateau, mountains, swamps and sandy deserts that cover a large part of the continent.

(D) Differentiate between the following:

(1) American Indian and Migrant groups

<u>Ans:</u>	<u>American Indian</u>	<u>Migrant groups</u>
	- American Indian are the native population comprising of Incas, Otavalo and Yanomami Indians. - They had reddish-brown skin and black hair. - The Incas of Peru were highly civilised people.	- These groups have migrated to the continent from Spain, Portugal, India, Japanese etc. - Huge population of Indian origin in Guyana and Suriname. - The Japanese live near the city of Sao Paulo in Brazil and Germans in Southern Chile.

(2) Estancia and Fazendas

<u>Ans:</u>	<u>Estancia</u>	<u>Fazendas</u>
	The large cattle farms in Argentina are called <u>estancias</u>.	Coffee is the most important cash crop of South America and is grown on large plantation called <u>Fazendas</u>.

(3) Yerba Mate and Red Quebracho

Ans:-

Yerba Mate

- Yerba mate grows in the eastern highlands. Its leaves are used to make a beverage similar to tea.
- Yerba mate tea is very high in antioxidants.
- It can detoxify the blood and prevent many types of cancer and help to reduce stress and insomnia.

Red Quebracho

- The Gran Chaco region has hardwood trees known as the red quebracho.
- Its produce tannin, used in the manufacture of inks and dyes and for tanning of hide.

(4) Food Crops and Cash Crops.

Ans:-



Food Crops

- The main food crops of South America are wheat, maize and rice.
- Maize is the staple food of the people of South America. and Brazil and Argentina are main producers of it.

Cash Crops

- The main cash crops cultivated are coffee, cotton, sugarcane, cocoa and banana.
- Coffee is the most important cash crop and Brazil is the largest producer of it.

- Pampas of Argentina are the largest producers and exporters of wheat, it is called the "Granary of South America"

- Sugarcane is widely cultivated in tropical plains and banana plantations are mainly in coastal areas

(5) Fishery and Pearly fishery

Ans:



Fishery

- A fishery is a place where fish or other aquatic life are caught, raised or harvested for commercial purpose.
- The best fishing grounds are located in the western coastal areas of South America; Peru and Chile.

Pearly fishery

- Pearl fishery is fishing of pearl oysters.
- Pearly fishery is done near the Margarita Island.