

Tender Heart High School, Sec-33 B  
Chandigarh

Subject : English Language

Class : VI

Topic : Past Tense

Good Morning Students

Today we will study and understand about the past tense:

(Simple Past Tense)

(Past Continuous Tense)

(Past Perfect Tense)

(Past Perfect Continuous Tense)

### Simple Past Tense

The simple past tense is used to refer to actions that were completed before the time of speaking.

Eg: \* Narendra was late for school.

\* The dog barked last night.

In the simple past tense the form of the verb remains the same.

To form the simple past, we generally add '-d' or 'ed' to the base form of the Verb.

Eg: \* Krishna waved at her friends

\* He cheered for our team during the match.

The negative is formed by adding 'did not' to the base form of the verb.

Eg: I did not go on a vacation.

## Past Continuous Tense

The past continuous tense is used for an action that was continuing for some time in the past.

Eg: Mother was helping me with my work  
The driver was talking to the passenger.

Forming the Past Continuous Tense

Verbs in the past continuous tense have the following forms:

1. I/He/She + was + main verb + ing
2. We/You/They/Plural subject + were + main verb + ing

The negative is formed by adding was/were + not to the present participle form of verb.

Eg: I was not playing

To form the interrogative, the positions of the subject and the auxiliary verb are interchanged.

- \* Were we walking very fast?
- \* Was she sleeping?
- \* Was she feeling hungry?
- \* Were the children not playing?

## Past Perfect Tense

The past perfect tense denotes an action that was completed at a specific time in the past and before the beginning of another action. It takes the form had + past participle form of the verb.

Eg. \* I had gone to bed when the bell rang  
\* He had finished shopping before the  
\* rain started

- \* We use past perfect tense — the action which was completed first.
- \* We use simple past tense — for the events which occurred later.

### Forming the Past Perfect Tense

The assertive sentences takes - had + past participle

Eg: The dog had barked at the thief.

The negative has — had + not + past participle

Eg. We had not seen him in three days.  
I had not gone to the library

In interrogative, the positions of subject and auxiliary verb are interchanged

Eg: Have you read this book before?  
Has she gone to sleep?

## Past Perfect Continuous Tense

The past perfect continuous tense shows an action that continued for some time in the past before getting completed.

had + been + Verb + ing

Eg: She had been preparing for the board exams for three months.

### Forming the Past Perfect Continuous Tense

\* For Assertive sentence

had + been + Verb + ing

She had been sleeping since morning.

\* For Negative sentence

had + not been + present participle

She had not been coming to school regularly.

\* For interrogative sentence

had + subject + been + Verb + ing

Had I been talking in my sleep?

