

tender Heart School , Sector - 33 B Chandigarh  
 Subject : English Language Class : 5  
 Chapter : 18 Adverbs

Good Morning Students,

Today in the subject of English Language we will study about the topic of 'Adverbs'.

\* An adverb tell us more about a verb, an adjective or another verb.

\* Adverbs give us more information about the actions in the sentences. For example -  
 Anil plays with his friends daily  
 Adverb

Children ! you have already done adverbs in your previous classes.

An adverb is a word that adds something to the meaning of a verb, an adjective, or another adverb.

For example : They worked <sup>A</sup>very <sup>A</sup>hard.  
 The test began yesterday.  
 He speaks <sup>A</sup>politely.  
 A

very, hard, yesterday, politely are the adverbs.

Students, there are different kinds of adverbs.

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## Kinds of Adverbs

- (i) Manner (ii) Place (iii) Time (iv) Frequency (v) Degree  
(vi) Interrogative

### (i) Adverbs of Manner

An adverb of manner tells how or in what manner an action is done.

Example :

The child jumped <sup>M</sup>carefully.

The Students worked <sup>M</sup>hard.

\* An adverb of manner tells / answers the question :  
How ?

### (ii) Adverbs of Place

An adverb of place tells where or at what place an action is done.

Example :

He will wait for you <sup>p</sup>outside.

All the books are lying <sup>p</sup>here.

\* An adverb of place answers the question :  
Where ?

Now Students, I am going to tell you about  
Adverbs of time.



(iii) Adverbs of Time

An adverb of time tells when or what time an action is done.

For example.

- (i) We shall play the match today.
- (ii) The programme is going to begin soon.

\* An adverb of time answers the question: When?

Now students, let us revise or recapitulate the adverb of manner, place and time with the help of one exercise.

\* Pick out the adverbs in these sentences and say what kind of adverb they are.

- (i) I looked for my books everywhere.
- (ii) I shall soon return to my seat.
- (iii) The doctor carefully examined my father.

Children!

The answers are:

- |       |            |                  |
|-------|------------|------------------|
| (i)   | everywhere | adverb of place  |
| (ii)  | soon       | adverb of time   |
| (iii) | carefully  | adverb of manner |

\* Let us resume the topic

- (iv) Adverb of frequency: An adverb of frequency tells how often or how frequently an action is done.

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For example

- (i) I called at your house <sup>F</sup> twice.  
(ii) We should take a bath <sup>F</sup> everyday.

\* An adverb of frequency answers the question: how often?

### (v) Adverb of Degree

An adverb of degree answers the question: how much?, or in what degree? or to what extent?

For example

I know the fact <sup>D</sup> completely.  
The hall is <sup>D</sup> totally full.

\* An adverb of degree answers: how much? or in what degree?

Children, again I am going to ask you a few sentences so that you can distinguish or differentiate Adverb of Frequency and Adverb of Degree.

Read these sentences carefully.

- (i) He never eats fast food.  
(ii) The hall was nearly packed.  
(iii) I tried twice but could not access the site.  
(iv) It is too cold outside.



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Children, now let us discuss the answers.

- (i) In sentence 1 'never' is adverb of frequency
- (ii) In sentence 2 'nearly' is adverb of degree
- (iii) In sentence 3 'twice' is adverb of frequency.
- (iv) In sentence 4 'too' is adverb of degree

### \* Formation of Adverbs of Manner Students!

Most adverbs of manner end in -ly. They are formed by adding -ly to the adjectives.

For example light - lightly, smart - smartly

- \* Words ending in e - drop e add -ly  
simple - simply      gentle - gently
- \* Sure - surely      entire - entirely

- \* Words ending in y Drop y - add -ily  
heavy - heavily      noisy - noisily

- \* Words ending in l Add -ly

general - generally      usual - usually

Q1 Underline the adverbs in the following sentences and state their kinds.

(a) Karan knocked at the door gently. \_\_\_\_\_

(b) Everybody has gone away. \_\_\_\_\_

(c) We played a hockey match yesterday. \_\_\_\_\_

(d) She walked fast but missed her bus. \_\_\_\_\_

(e) The traveller looked up. \_\_\_\_\_

Q2 Fill up the blanks with the types of adverb stated in the brackets.

(a) Sonam will sleep \_\_\_\_\_ (Adverb of place)

(b) We are celebrating Children' Day \_\_\_\_\_ (Adverb of time)

(c) Do your work \_\_\_\_\_ (Adverb of manner)

(d) We should get up \_\_\_\_\_ and pray to God. (Adverb of time)

(e) Geeta does her work \_\_\_\_\_. (Adverb of manner)

Teacher's Signature \_\_\_\_\_