

Tender Heart High School, Sec-33B, Chandigarh

Class - IV

Subject - Mathematics

Date - 28.10.2024

Teacher - Ms. Sushma.

Chapter - 10  
Perimeter and Area

Perimeter : →

The length of the boundary of a plane figure is called its perimeter.

Perimeter of a polygon: →

The perimeter of a polygon is the sum of the length of the sides of the polygons.

Perimeter of a polygon = Sum of the length of the sides of the polygon.

Perimeter of a triangle = Sum of the length of the sides

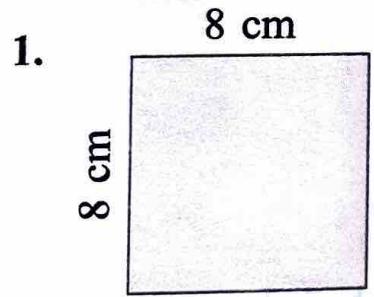
Perimeter of a rectangle =  $2 \times (\text{Length} + \text{Breadth})$

Perimeter of a square =  $4 \times \text{Side}$

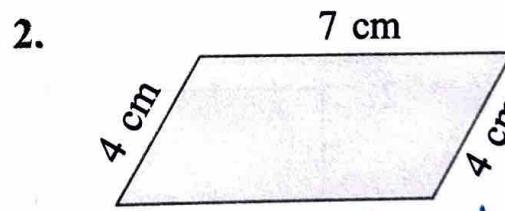


## Exercise 10.1

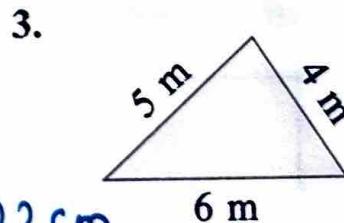
A. Find the perimeter of each figure.



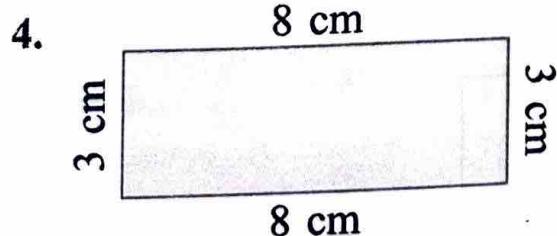
$$\text{Perimeter} = 32 \text{ cm}$$



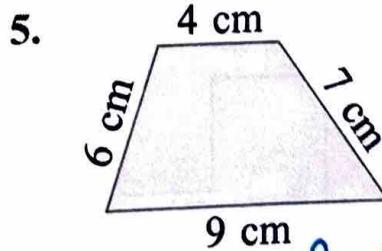
$$\text{Perimeter} = 22 \text{ cm}$$



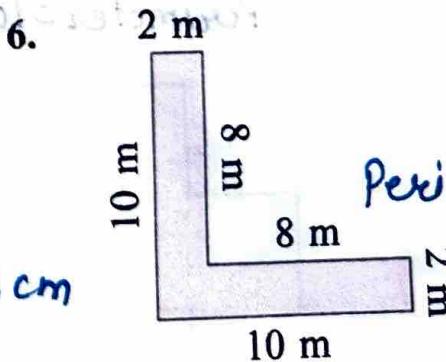
$$\text{Perimeter} = 15 \text{ m}$$



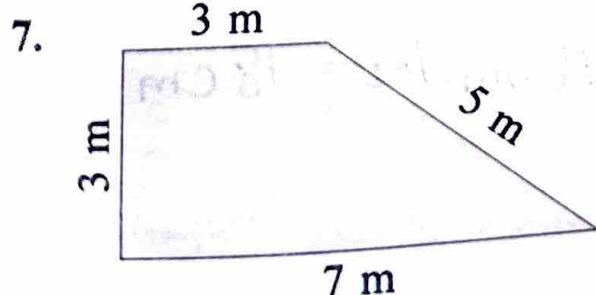
$$\text{Perimeter} = 22 \text{ cm}$$



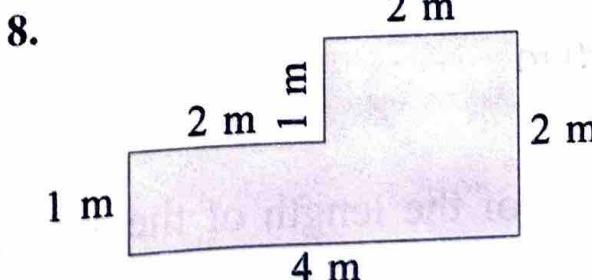
$$\text{Perimeter} = 26 \text{ cm}$$



$$\text{Perimeter} = 40 \text{ m}$$



$$\text{Perimeter} = 18 \text{ m}$$



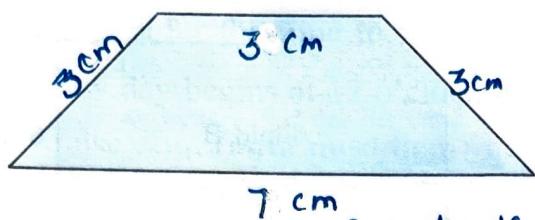
$$\text{Perimeter} = 12 \text{ m}$$



$$\text{Perimeter} = 24 \text{ cm}$$

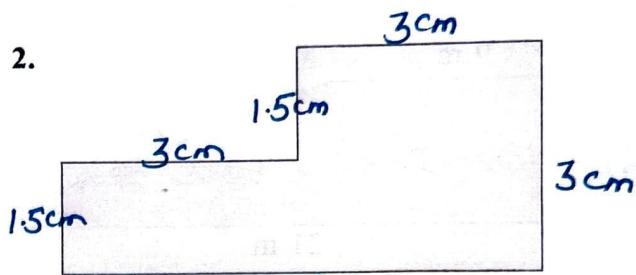
**B. Measure the sides of the given shapes with a scale. Find the perimeter of each one.**

1.



$$\text{Perimeter} = 16 \text{ cm}$$

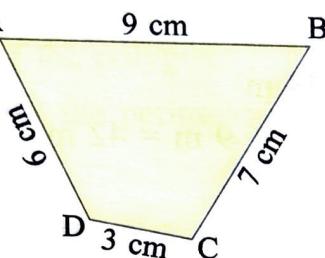
2.



$$\text{Perimeter} = 18 \text{ cm}$$

**C. Fill in the blanks.**

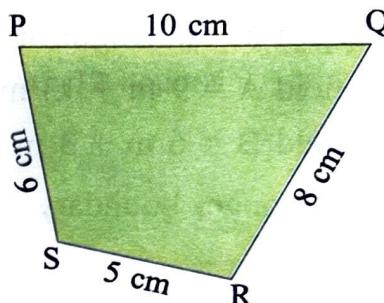
1.



$$\text{Perimeter of } ABCD = 25 \text{ cm}$$

So ABCD has a shorter boundary.

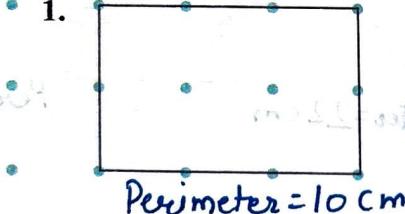
2.



$$\text{Perimeter of } PQRS = 29 \text{ cm}$$

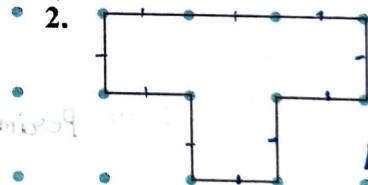
**D. Find the perimeter of each shape. (Given:  $\text{---} = 1 \text{ cm}$  and  $| = 1 \text{ cm}$ )**

1.



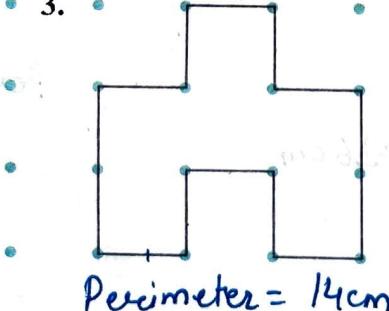
$$\text{Perimeter} = 10 \text{ cm}$$

2.



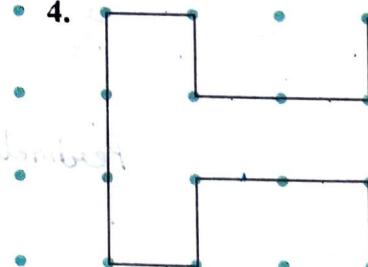
$$\text{Perimeter} = 10 \text{ cm}$$

3.



$$\text{Perimeter} = 14 \text{ cm}$$

4.

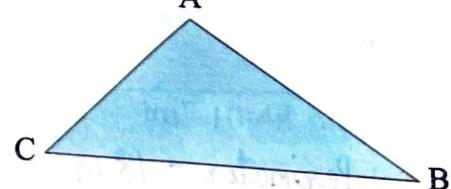


$$\text{Perimeter} = 18 \text{ cm}$$

**Perimeter of a triangle**

Perimeter of a triangle = Sum of the length of the sides

$$= AB + BC + CA$$



### Exercise 10.2

A Find the perimeter of the triangles whose sides measure.

(i) 3cm, 4cm, 5cm

Soln:- Perimeter of the triangle = Sum of the length of the sides.  
 $= 3\text{ cm} + 4\text{ cm} + 5\text{ cm}$   
 $= 12\text{ cm}$

(2) 70 cm, 84cm, 97 cm

Soln:- Perimeter of the triangle =  $70\text{ cm} + 84\text{ cm} + 97\text{ cm}$   
 $= (70 + 84 + 97)\text{ cm}$   
 $= 251\text{ cm}$

B. Find the perimeter of the rectangles with the following measures.

1. Length of the rectangle = 5cm  
 Breadth " " " = 4cm

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Perimeter of the rectangle} &= 2(l+b) \\ &= 2(5+4) \\ &= 2 \times 9 = 18\text{ cm}\end{aligned}$$

2. Length of the rectangle = 10cm  
 Breadth " " " = 3cm

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Perimeter} &= 2(l+b) \\ &= 2(10+3) \\ &= 2(13) = 26\text{ cm}\end{aligned}$$

C. Find the perimeter of the squares whose sides measure.

1. 1 cm.

Soln:  $\rightarrow$  side of the square = 1 cm  
Perimeter of the square =  $4 \times \text{side}$   
=  $4 \times 1$   
= 4 cm

2. 9 cm.

Soln:  $\rightarrow$  side of the square = 9 cm  
Perimeter " " " =  $4 \times \text{side}$   
=  $4 \times 9$   
= 36 cm

3. 14 m

Soln:  $\rightarrow$  side of the square = 14 m  
Perimeter " " " =  $4 \times \text{side}$   
=  $4 \times 14$   
= 56 m

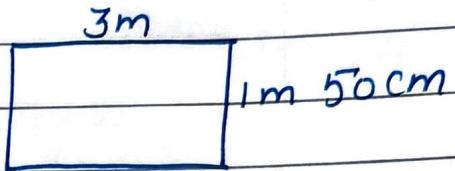
### Exercise 10.3

1. A square field is 60 m long. How much wire is needed to fence the field?

Soln:  $\rightarrow$  Length of the square field = 60 m  
Perimeter " " " " =  $4 \times \text{side}$   
=  $4 \times 60 = 240 \text{ m}$

Hence, 240 m of wire is needed to fence the field.

2. Rehana is fixing lace around a rectangular tablecloth for her sister's birthday celebration. She has a 10m roll of lace. How much lace will be needed. How much lace will be left over.



Soln:  $\rightarrow$  Length of lace = 10m

$$\text{Length of rectangular tablecloth} = 3\text{m} = 3 \times 100 = 300\text{cm}$$

$$\text{Breadth } " " " = 1\text{m } 50\text{cm}$$

$$= 1 \times 100 + 50$$

$$= 150\text{ cm}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Perimeter of } " " &= 2(l+b) \\ &= 2(300 + 150) \\ &= 2(450) \\ &= 900\text{ cm} = 9\text{m}\end{aligned}$$

So, 9m lace will be needed.

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Length of lace left} &= \text{Total length of lace} - \\ &\quad \text{Length of lace needed} \\ &= (10 - 9)\text{m} = 1\text{m}.\end{aligned}$$

3. Hari Ram has to put wire around the boundary of his rectangular field of length 15m and breadth 10m. What is the length of the wire he must buy?

$$\text{Soln: } \rightarrow \text{Length of the rectangular field} = 15\text{m}$$

$$\text{Breadth } " " " " " = 10\text{ m}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Perimeter } " " " " " &= 2(l+b) \\ &= 2(15+10) \\ &= 2(25)\end{aligned}$$

$$\text{Length of the wire Hari Ram must buy} = 50\text{m}$$

$$\text{Length of the wire used} = 20\text{m}.$$

$$\text{Length of wire required} = (50 - 20) \text{ m} \\ = 30 \text{ m.}$$

Qn A square mirror of side 30 cm has to be framed. What is the length of the frame needed? Give the answer in metres and centimetres.

Soln:  $\rightarrow$  Side of a square mirror = 30 cm.

$$\text{Perimeter } " " " = 4 \times \text{side} \\ = 4 \times 30 = 120 \text{ cm}$$

$$\text{so, Length of the frame needed} = 120 \text{ cm.}$$

$$= 120 \div 100$$

$$= 1 \text{ m } 20 \text{ cm}$$

Qn The breadth of a rectangle is 72 cm. Its length is 4 times its breadth. Find the perimeter of the rectangle.

Soln:  $\rightarrow$  Breadth of a rectangle = 72 cm

$$\text{Length } " " " = 4 \times 72 = 288 \text{ cm}$$

$$\text{Perimeter } " " " = 2(l+b)$$

$$= 2(72 + 288)$$

$$= 2(360)$$

$$= 720 \text{ cm}$$

$$\therefore \text{The perimeter of a rectangle} = 720 \text{ cm.}$$

Area:  $\rightarrow$  The area of a closed figure is the amount of surface it covers!

Units of area:  $\rightarrow$

The standard unit of area is Square units (sq. units)



## Exercise 10.4

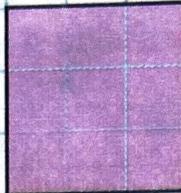
A. Count the number of squares to find the area. The side of each is 1 unit.

1.



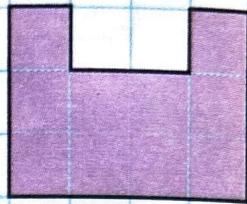
15 square units

2.



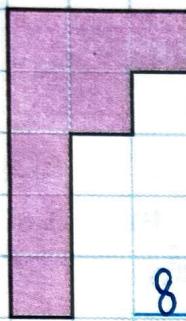
9 square units

3.



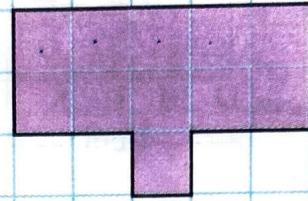
10 square units

4.



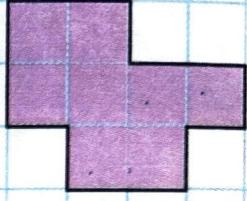
8 square units

5.



11 square units

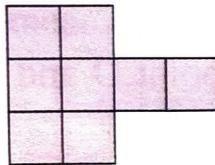
6.



8 square units

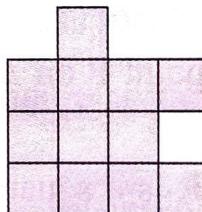
B. Find the area of these figures. Each has side 1 cm.

1.



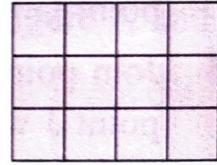
$\rightarrow 8 \text{ sq cm}$

2.



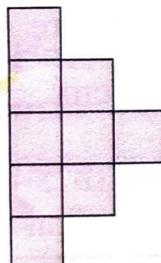
$\rightarrow 12 \text{ sq cm}$

3.



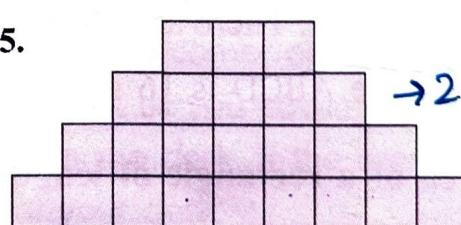
$\rightarrow 12 \text{ sq cm}$

4.



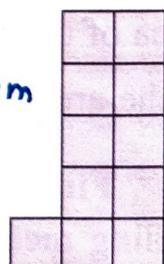
$\rightarrow 9 \text{ sq cm}$

5.



$\rightarrow 24 \text{ sq cm}$

6.



$\rightarrow 11 \text{ sq cm}$