

# Tender Heart High School. Sec 33 B, Chd

PAGE NO. 1.....

DATE: 22.7.24

CLASS: III.....

SUBJECT: English Language.....

TOPIC: Chapter 9, Main and Helping Verbs.....

TEACHER'S NAME: Pamel preet Kaur.....

Good morning students

Students this lesson is for Class III for the subject of English Language in which Chapter 9, Main and Helping Verbs is covered starting on page number 46 of your textbook titled 'My Grammar Time' and is being submitted to you on 22.7.24

Rima has prepared a list of **Things To Do** over the weekend.

## THINGS TO DO

15.8.2021

- ☸ Do my homework.
- ☸ Clean my room.
- ☸ Arrange my books in order.
- ☸ Keep my toys in their proper places.
- ☸ Help father when he cleans his car.
- ☸ Work with mother to bake a cake.

Children, what do the highlighted words show? The highlighted words in the above sentences indicate some action. They tell us what Rima has planned to do over the weekend. They are called **verbs** or **doing words**.



Words that tell us what a person or thing does are called **verbs**

Verbs show action so they are also called **action words** or **doing words**.

For example:



He **reads** a book.  
verb ↗



He **cooks** food.  
← verb



work



start



cut

serve



climb



eat



tell



punish



teach



sleep



wake



write



## Verbs that Show State of Being

Read these sentences.

1. I **am** sad.
2. Rahul **is** intelligent.
3. Tom and Jerry **are** my favourite cartoon characters.
4. He **was** unwell yesterday.
5. They **were** home on Sunday.

The words **am, is, are, was** and **were** tell us the state of a person or a thing. They do not show any action. They simply show what a person or thing is. These are **being verbs**.

## Verbs that Show Ownership

Read these sentences.

1. She **has** a beautiful garden.
2. I **have** an elder sister.
3. When I was a child, I **had** a kitten.
4. They **had** a great time at the picnic yesterday.

The verbs **has, have** and **had** show belonging or possession. The verbs **has** and **have** are used to speak about now.



The verb **had** is used to speak about events that happened already. **Has** is used with singular nouns and pronouns.

**Have** is used with plural nouns and pronouns, as well as with you and I.

**Had** is the past tense of both **have** and **has**.

### Verbs that Show Action

Read these sentences.

1. I **do** the laundry on Sunday.
2. The girls **did** well in their test.
3. She **does** yoga every day.

We use **do**, **does** and **did** to talk about actions. We use **do** and **does** to talk about actions that are done regularly. We use **did** to talk about actions that happened earlier.

**Do** is used with plural nouns, I, you and they. **Does** is used with singular nouns, he, she and it. **Did** is the past tense of both **do** and **does**.

Children let me check whether you have understood the topic.



ExA Fill in the blanks with the correct option given in brackets.

1. My mother \_\_\_\_\_ a lot of work every day.  
(do / does / did)
2. Mandy \_\_\_\_\_ from Kerala, and I \_\_\_\_\_ from Karnataka. (is / are / am)
3. When I \_\_\_\_\_ small, I read a lot of Noddy books. (were / was)
4. We \_\_\_\_\_ the plants every day. (water / waters)
5. She \_\_\_\_\_ gone for a walk. (has / have / had)

Children, while you write the answers, you may kindly take the break for 3 minutes. You must have written the answers. Let us see the correct answers.

AnsA1 does

4. water

2 is, am

5. has

3 was

Your homework is to do ExA, B, C, E and F on page number 46, 47, 48 and 50 of your textbook titled "My Grammar Time".

NOTE: The chapter will be continued.

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