

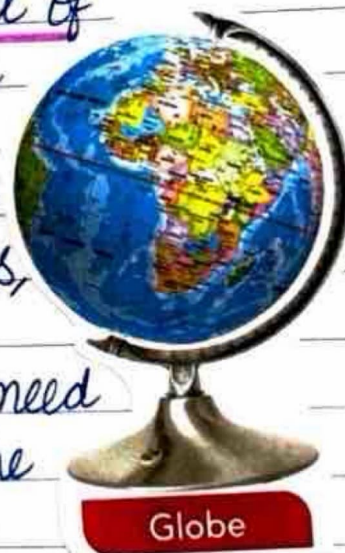
Topic- Chapter-17 'Globes and Maps'

Good Morning Children,

Today we are going to set our focus on the topic- globes and maps Chapter-17 starting on page number 113 of your text book titled "Excursions-3" and is being submitted to you on .

Dear students, kindly pay attention as I am going to explain the topic- globes and maps. In this chapter we will learn about globe, map, directions and features of a map. Let us discuss- What is a globe?

Globe:- A globe is a small model of the earth as you can see in the picture. It gives the rough idea about the shape of the earth. It also helps us to locate oceans, seas, continents, countries and different places on earth. We need to rotate the globe to see all the places, but we cannot carry a globe everywhere.



Let us discuss about maps now :-

2. Maps :- It is difficult to see the details of every country on the globe. To see the details, we use a map.

A map is a drawing of the whole or a part of the earth on a flat surface. Maps are easier to carry from one place to another as compared to globes.

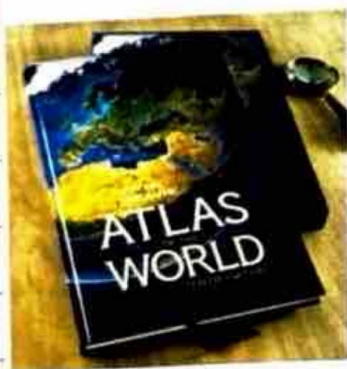


A Map

A map can be big or small. Big maps can be hung on walls. These maps are called wall maps as you can see in the picture.



A Wall Map



Atlas

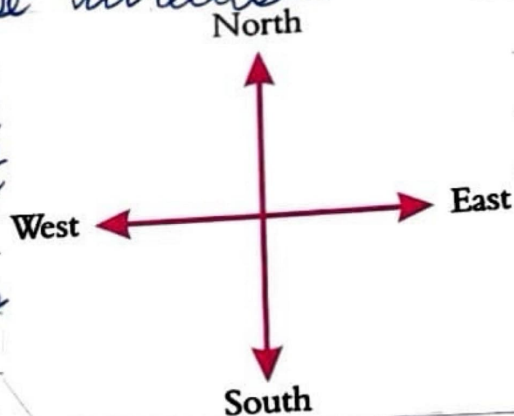
A book of maps is called an atlas. The art of making maps is called cartography. A person who makes maps is called cartographer.

Let us now discuss the features of a map.

1) Directions :- All maps follow the four main directions. These directions are -
North, South, East, West.

The top part is North and the bottom is South, to the right is East and to the left is West. These directions help to locate places on the map.

These four directions are also called cardinal directions.



Ordinal directions :- There are four sub-directions also

like north-east, south-east, north-west and south-west. These are also called ordinal directions.

