Jender Heart High School 19-1 Class - II Date: 14.10.24. Subject - English Language Jeachers - Ms. Hazit-Kaur, Ms. Jyoti Arora and Ms. Rupinder Kaur. Jopic - L-13, Yesterday and Joday. Lesson - 13, ' Yesterday and Joday' Children read and understand the sentences after observing the pictures below. <u>Joday means</u> <u>Present Jense</u> -<u>Yesterday means</u> <u>Past Jense</u> -1. I am Pooja. 2. I am a little girl. 3. I am seven years 1. 9 was a baby. 2. 9 drank milk only 3. 9 had no teeth. In the above sentences the action / doing words are showing different time that when action is done, whether in past (means yesterday) or in present (means today)

Page | Children in Lesson number -11, we have already learnt about the concept of Doing words' Doing words tell us about action, what somebody or something does. Now let us discuss about 'today'. Something that happens now, everyday or as a habit or routine, we use doing words as they are. For example - go, teach, drink, stop. Children now read the following sentences 1. The boy brushes his teeth everyday. (Here children 'boy' is singular so we have used brushes, not brush, means we have added 'es' to brush, 2. They play football. (Children here 'they' is referring to plural so we have used play and not plays, so here we have not added "s' to play.) So children, when we talk about one person or animal does everyday or as a habit or routine, we add 's' or 'es' to the end of the doing words. For examples - goes, teaches, drinks, stops When we talk about things that people or animals do everyday or as a pabit or routine we use doing words as they are. For example -

Date Page | Pg-3 go, teach, drink, stop Exercise - 1 Fill in the blanks using the given in Present tense (plays, writes, go, sit, 1. The sun <u>shines</u> in the sky everyday. 2. Ria plays badminton with her priend daily quietly in the class. 3. They set 4 Rohan writes neatly in his notebook 5. They go to school happily. Now let us study about 'yesterday' means past tense - Children read the following sentences tense - Children He swam in the pool yesterday. (Here swim's past tense swam used because we are talking about yesterday) They won the match last week. (Here won is past tense of win, because we are talking about last week,

So children whenever we talk about yesterday. last night, last week, last year. We use the past tense form. "Jo show something that happened in the past we add 'ed' to the end. For example -call + ed = called call + ed = called walk + ed = walked If a doing word ends with 'e' we only. add 'd' to it. For example live + d = lived smile + d smiled -Some words do not cut, hurt, hit, put change at all For example, read, etc. They remain same. Some doing words form their past tense by changing words completely. For example -make - made Now let us read the table of past tense 1. eat - ate 11. go - went 21. sell - sold 2. run - ran 12. come - came grow - grew 22. 3. sleep - slept. get - got meet - met 13. - wore 4. see - saw 14. think - thought fall - fell drink - drank 5. 25. take - took 6. make - made win - won sing - sang fly - flew sit. - sat find - found tell - told 8. 18. 9. write - wrote 10 say - said bite - bit 20 Page No.

Date Page | Now let us do an exercise using past tense, by changing the word in present tense in t into past tense Exercise - 2 till in the bland hping yesterday 2. The bird flew The 3 boy gran t last mother told 4 me a sto me yesterday (cut) apple for 5. She cut an.



A. Fill in the blanks with is, am or are.

- 1. She ______ drawing a cat.
- 2. He ______ playing with his sister.
- 3. You _____ late today.
- 4. I _____ cycling home.
- 5. These _____ Amit's shoes.



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- 6. Polly and Meena ______ watching TV.
- 7. This ______ the last bus.
- 8. Those _____ my crayons.

B. Rewrite the sentences correctly.

1. I is very tired.

I am very tired

2. These am my kittens.

These are my kittens

3. They is going on a picnic.

They are going on a picnic

4. Saba are a doctor.

saba is a doctor.



C. Look at the picture. Use was or were to fill in the blanks.

- 1. We were going on a trip.
- 2. Mother ______ driving the car.
- 3. Father was talking on the phone.
- 4. Grandpa and Grandma <u>were</u> in the back seat.
- 5. I _____ looking out of the window.
- 6. Our bags ______ on top of the car. -



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D. Look at the picture. Tick (\checkmark) the right words.

- 1. I was/were at the park yesterday.
- 2. The park is/are near the market.
- 3. Grandpa was/were in the park with his friends.
- 4. All of them was/were sitting on a bench.
- 5. They was/were feeding pigeons and ducks.
- 6. My friends and I was/were playing nearby.





A. Match.

(last page)

every day	in the past	
1. ask	a. said	I brush my teeth every day.
2. say	b. made	Auran
3. cut	c. asked	
4. brush	d. talked	a set
5. make	e. cut	
6. talk	f. brushed	osteous 101

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B. Fill in the blanks with the correct form of the doing words.

- 2. The cat <u>drinks</u> (drink) milk every day.
- 3. Grandmother usually ______ (go) home by train.
- 4. They <u>climbed</u> (climb) up the mountain last year.
- 6. I <u>bosrowed</u> (borrow) her pencil yesterday.
- 7. I ______ (see) a giraffe at the zoo last Sunday.

