Tender Heart High School 3.7.24 Class: X chapter 11 :- Rise of Dictatorships Subject: History and civics Ms. Rameet This Lesson is for class X for the subject of History and civics chill. Rise of Dictatorship given on page number 117 of your textbook. Dictatorship means an autocratic government in which one person or a small group has complete control over the government, unrestricted by laws, constitution or other social and political factors within the country. It is against democracy and people have no rights. Fascism in Italy:-The word 'Fascism' has been derived from the Italian Word 'fascio' which means union or league. The fasces was a bundle of rods which was once the symbol of the authority of the Roman State. Fascism refers to autocracy and lichatovelik land bla and alla a man

 or dictatorship where the power of state is vested in
 one man only and it is compulsory for all the others to
 obey his orders. Benito Mussolini established dictatorship or
 Fascism in Italy. It came to an end in Italy in 1945
 with the death of Mussolini
 Nazism in Germany:-
 Adolf Hitler established Nazism or dictatorship
 in Germany. He wrote a book 'Mein Kampf' (meaning
my struggle) which expressed some of the most monstrous
 ideas of the Nazi government.
 In the second world war Germany was totally
 defeated by the Allied powers. After the end of
 Second world war in 1945 Hitler committed suicide.
with his death, Nazism came to an end in Germany.
 Nazism believed in strong nationalism. It believed in
Page-01

3.7.24

1

3	class: X Chapter II: - Rise of Dictatorship
	Subject: History and civics Ms. Rameet
	the use of force and brutality.
1.	Similarity Between The Ideologies of Fascism and Nazism Fascism and Nazism had complete faith in dictatorship or totalitarian rule.
2.	It was against democracy.
	They believed that the state is supreme and powerful and it could restrict the fundamental rights
	and freedoms of people.
4.	To believe in one-party and one leader.
5.	Fascism and Nazism believed in strong nationalism and imperialism.
	It regarded war as an instrument for spreading

	national interests.
7.	Fascism and Nazism was against communism.
	Home work:-
3	chef foren a stand of the second of the seco
<u>Q</u>].	state any two similarities between Nazism and fascism
	Last Page
	X
	Page - 02